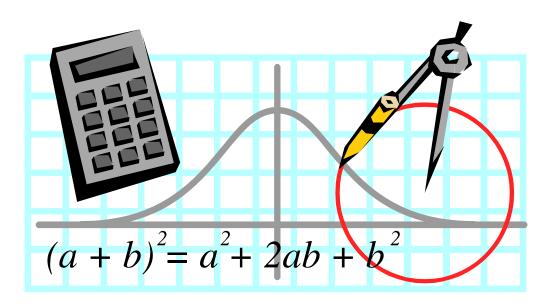
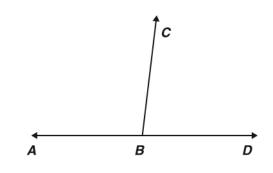
GEOMETRY PLACEMENT TEST



Division of Bilingual Education and World Languages Miami-Dade County Public Schools

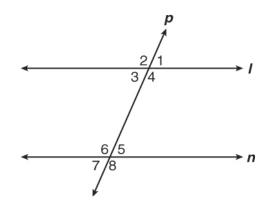
Name:	Date:
School:	I.D.#

1. Kym drew the diagram below and stated that $\angle ABC$ and $\angle CBD$ form a linear pair of angles. Which statement is the correct conclusion based upon Kym's statement?



- A. $\angle ABC$ and $\angle CBD$ are congruent.
- B. $\angle ABC$ and $\angle CBD$ are supplementary.
- C. $\angle ABC$ and $\angle CBD$ are complementary.
- D. $\angle ABC$ and $\angle CBD$ are both right angles.

2. In the figure below, line *l* and line *n* are parallel lines intersected by line *p*.



Which of these pairs of angles MUST be congruent?

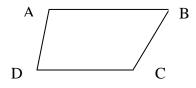
- A. $\angle 1 \text{ and } \angle 6$ B. $\angle 2 \text{ and } \angle 8$
- C. $\angle 3 \text{ and } \angle 4$
- D. $\angle 4 \text{ and } \angle 7$

3. In the figure below, line m is parallel to line n, and line t is a transversal crossing both m and n. Which of the following list has 3 angles that are equal in measure?

a $\frac{b}{c}$ т - n e

A. $\angle a$, $\angle b$, $\angle d$ B. $\angle a$, $\angle c$, $\angle d$ C. $\angle a$, $\angle c$, $\angle e$ D. $\angle b$, $\angle c$, $\angle d$

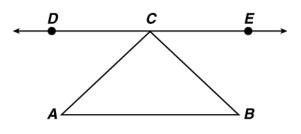
4. In the figure below, \overline{AB} is parallel to \overline{DC} .



Which of the following statements about the figure must be true?

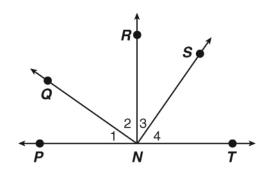
- A. $\angle DAB + \angle ABC = 180^{\circ}$
- B. $\angle DAB + \angle CDA = 180^{\circ}$
- C. $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{DC}$
- D. $\overline{AD} \cong \overline{BC}$

5. Given $\triangle ABC$ and \overrightarrow{DE} through C in the diagram below, which condition will guarantee that \overrightarrow{AB} is parallel to \overrightarrow{DE} ?



- A. $\angle BAC \cong \angle BCE$ B. $\angle ABC \cong \angle BCE$
- C. $\angle ACD \cong \angle BCE$
- D. $\angle BAC \cong \angle ABC$

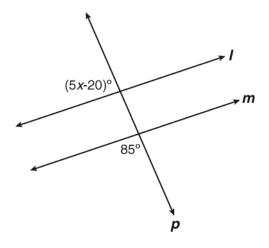
6. In the diagram below, $\overrightarrow{NP} \perp \overrightarrow{NR}$ and $\overrightarrow{NQ} \perp \overrightarrow{NS}$



If $m \angle 2$ is 55°, what is $m \angle 4$?

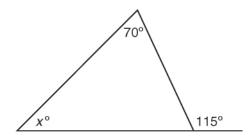
- A. 25°
- B. 35°
- C. 45°
- D. 55°

7. In the diagram below, lines *l* and *m* are parallel lines cut by transversal line *p*.



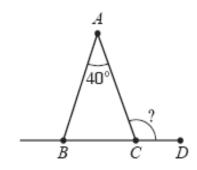
What is the value of *x*?

- A. 21
- B. 23
- C. 40
- D. 57
- 8. What is the value of *x* in the figure below?

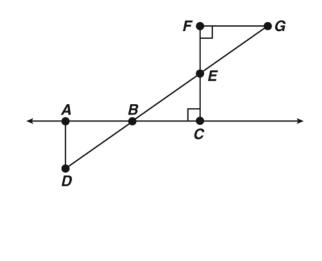


- A 22.5 B 45 C 55
- D 57.5

9. As shown in the figure below, $\triangle ABC$ is isosceles with length of \overline{AB} equal to the length of \overline{AC} . The measure of $\angle A$ is 40° and points B, C, and D are collinear. What is the measure of $\angle ACD$?



- A. 70°
 B. 80°
 C. 110°
- D. 140°
- 10. In the figure below, $\triangle BCE$ and $\triangle EFG$ are right triangles. Given that $m \angle ABD = 35^{\circ}$, what is the measure of $\angle FEG$?



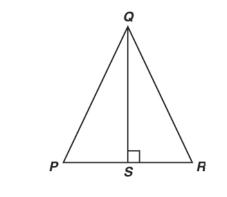
B 45° C 55°

Α

35°

D 90°

11. Which would be the BEST choice for the first step in proving that $\triangle PQR$ below is isosceles?



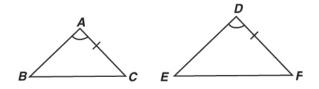
- A. assume that $\overline{QP} \cong \overline{QR}$
- B. assume that $\overline{QS} \cong \overline{QR}$
- C. assume that $\angle PQS > \angle SQR$
- D. assume that $\angle PSQ > \angle RSQ$

12. Reynaldo's instructions for completing a proof are shown below.

Given:

$$\angle A \cong \angle D, \overline{AC} \cong \overline{DF}, \overline{AB} \text{ is } not \cong \overline{DE}$$

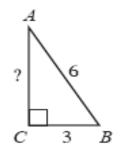
Prove: $\angle B$ is not $\cong \angle E$



Which assumption below can be used to do a proof by contradiction?

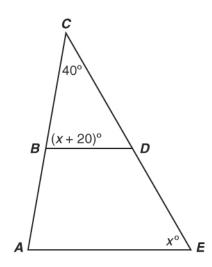
- A. assume $\angle B \cong \angle E$
- B. assume $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{DE}$

- C. assume $\angle B$ is not $\cong \angle E$ D. assume \overline{BC} is not $\cong \overline{EF}$
- 13. In the figure below, $\triangle ABC$ is a right triangle. The length of \overline{AB} is 6 units and the length of \overline{CB} is 3 units. What is the length, in units, of \overline{AC} ?



A. 5 B. $3\sqrt{3}$ C. $3 + \sqrt{5}$ D. $3\sqrt{6}$

14.In the triangle below, $\overline{AE} \parallel \overline{BD}$.



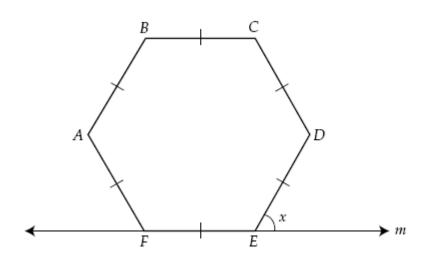
What is the value of *x*?

 40° A.

50° B.

C. 60° D. 70°

15. Figure ABCDEF below is a regular hexagon with line m passing through side EF.

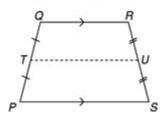


What is the measure of $\angle x$?

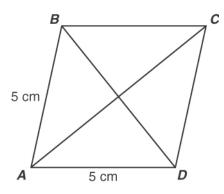
A. 75°
B. 60°
C. 51°
D. 45°

- 16. In a polygon, with n sides, the sum of the measures of the in the interior angles is equal to:
 - A. $180^{\circ}(n 2)$ B. $180^{\circ}(n + 2)$ C. $360^{\circ}(n - 2)$ D. 360°

17. QRSP is a trapezoid. The median TU measures 10cm, and PS measures 12cm. What is the length of \overline{QR} ?



- A. 10.5B. 10C. 9D. 8
- 18. Each side of rhombus *ABCD* is 5 centimeters in length. The length of \overline{AC} is 8 centimeters and the length of \overline{BD} is 6 centimeters.

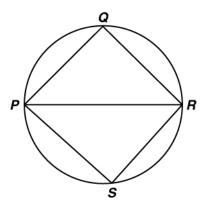


What is the area of the rhombus, in square centimeters?

- A. 24
- B. 25

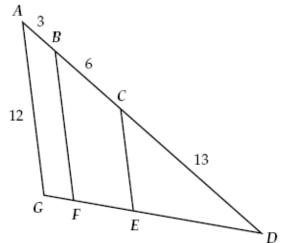
C. 34 D. 48

19. In the diagram below, \overline{PR} is a diameter of the circle.



Which of these angles must be a right angle?

- ∠PQR A.
- B. $\angle PRQ$
- ZQRS C.
- D. $\angle QPS$
- 20. In triangle ADG below, the length of side DG is 18 units. Line segments AG, BF, and CE are all parallel.

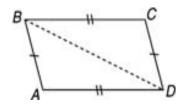


What is the approximate length of line segment EG?

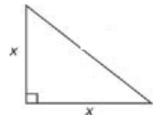
- A. 4.9 units B. 7.4 units

C. 11.0 unitsD. 12.5 units

21. What geometric theorem would be used to prove that triangle BAD $\cong DCB$

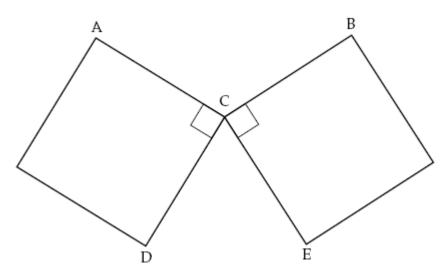


- A. SAS
- B. ASA
- C. SSS
- D. HL
- 22. If one of the equal sides of an isosceles right triangle is 3, what are the measures of the two other sides?



A. 3 and $3\sqrt{2}$ B. 3 and $3\sqrt{3}$

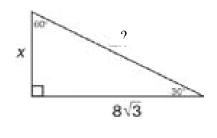
- C. 3 and 3 D. 3 and 4
- 23. The two squares below intersect at point C.



What is the sum of the measures of $\angle ACB$ and $\angle DCE$ in degrees?

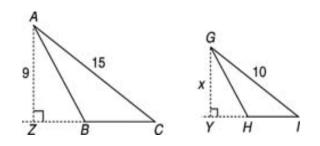
- A. 360°
- B. 270°
- C. 180°
- D. 135°

24. If the longer leg of a 30 - 60 - 90 right triangle is $8\sqrt{3}$, find the length of the hypotenuse.



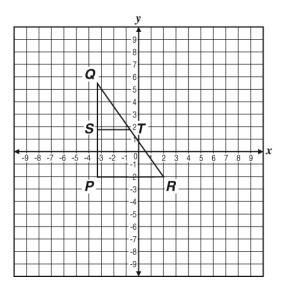
A. 20B. 16C. 12D. 8

25. What is the value of x if $\triangle ABC \approx \triangle GHI$?



- A. 9 B. 8
- C. 6 D. 5

26. In the figure below, \overline{ST} connects to the midpoints of two sides of $\triangle PQR$.

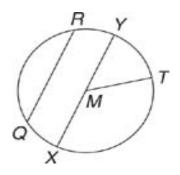


Which statement must be true?

A. $\overline{QP} \perp \overline{PR}$ B. RT < QTC. SQ = TQ

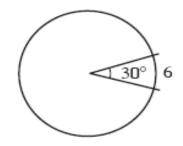
D. $\overline{TS} \parallel \overline{RP}$

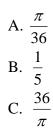
27. In circle M below, \overline{XY} is which of the following:



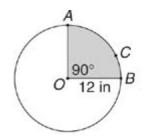
- A. a radius
- B. a chord
- C. a diameter
- D. a chord/diameter

28. If a central angle of measure 30° is subtended by a circular arc of length 6meters, as illustrated below, how many meters in length is the radius of the circle?



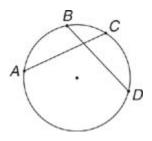


29. Use the figure below to find the area of sector OACB

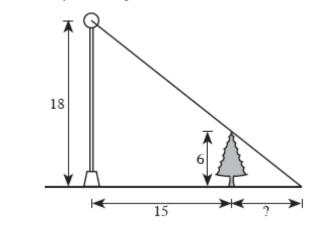


A. $36 \pi \text{ in}^2$ B. $90 \pi \text{ in}^2$ C. $144 \pi \text{ in}^2$ D. $180 \pi \text{ in}^2$

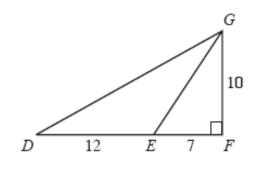
30. In the figure below, the measure of arc AC is115°, the measure of arc BD is 115°, and \overline{BD} is 10 in. What is the length of \overline{AC} ?



A. 8 B. 10 C. 12 31. A 6 foot spruce tree is planted 15 feet from a lighted streetlight whose lamp is 18 feet above the ground. How many feet long is the shadow of the tree?



- A. 5.0
- B. 7.5
- C. 7.8
- D. 9.6
- 32. In the figure below, the lengths of \overline{DE} , \overline{EF} , and \overline{FG} are given, in units. What is the area, in square units of ΔDEG ?



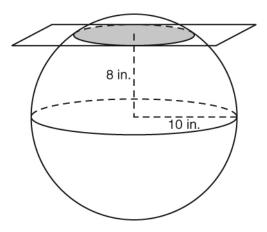
A. 29 B. 47.5 C. 60 D. 6√149 33. Paul bought a piece of cheese that was in the shape of a cylinder, as shown below.



He unwrapped the cheese and cut a slice of even thickness off of the end. What would be the shape of the cheese slice?

- A. circle
- B. triangle
- rectangle C.
- D. square

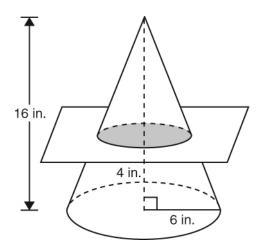
34. A sphere with a 10-inch radius intersects a plane that is 8 inches from the sphere's center as shown below.



What is the circumference, in inches, of the circle formed where the plane intersects the sphere?

- 4π A. B. 12π

- C. 20π D. 36π
- 35. A cone with a base radius of 6 inches and a height of 16 inches is intersected by a plane that is 4 inches from the parallel base.



What is the volume of the cone that has its base in the intersecting plane?

A. 81π
B. 111π
C. 192π
D. 243π